



ACME-HARDESTY
A division of
JACOB STERN & SONS, INC.
- SINCE 1857 -

Caprylic-Capric Acid

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations
Revision Date: 06/02/2015 Date of Issue: 09/12/2014

Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Name: Caprylic-Capric Acid

CAS No: 68937-75-7; 67762-36-1

Synonyms: Caprylic-Capric Acid; Caprylic Capric Acid Low C6; C8-C10 Fatty Acid

1.2. Intended Use of the Product

Use of the substance/mixture: Additive, Chemical Intermediate, Lubricant

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

Acme-Hardesty Co
450 Sentry Parkway
Blue Bell, PA 19422
T 866-226-3834 T 215-591-3610
www.acme-hardesty.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : 800-424-9300

For Chemical Emergency, Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, call CHEMTREC – Day or Night

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Skin Corr. 1B H314

Eye Dam. 1 H318

Aquatic Acute 3 H402

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)



GHS05

Signal Word (GHS-US)

: Danger

Hazard Statements (GHS-US)

: H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H402 - Harmful to aquatic life

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)

: P260 - Do not breathe mist, spray, vapors.

P264 - Wash exposed areas thoroughly after handling.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.

P301+P330+P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 - Immediately call a poison center or doctor.

P321 - Specific treatment (see Section 4 on this SDS).

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P405 - Store locked up.

Caprylic-Capric Acid

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

2.3. Other Hazards

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	%	Classification (GHS-US)
Octanoic acid	(CAS No) 124-07-2	53 - 63	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318
Decanoic acid	(CAS No) 334-48-5	36 - 47	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Aquatic Acute 3, H402

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First Aid Measures

First-aid Measures General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid Measures After Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

First-aid Measures After Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 60 minutes. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

First-aid Measures After Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

First-aid Measures After Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Effects of exposure (inhalation, ingestion or skin contact) to substance may be delayed.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Corrosive. Causes burns.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects. May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract.

Chronic Symptoms: None known.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray, fog. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use water jet. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not flammable.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Firefighting Instructions: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Caprylic-Capric Acid

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

6.1.1. For Non-emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For Emergency Responders

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3. Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Collect spillage. Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See heading 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Precautions for Safe Handling: Do not breathe mist, vapours, spray.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands and forearms thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use.

Storage Area: Store locked up.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

Additive, Chemical Intermediate, Lubricant

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls

: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

Personal Protective Equipment

: Gloves. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



Materials for Protective Clothing

: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection

: Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.

Eye Protection

: Chemical goggles or face shield.

Skin and Body Protection

: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection

: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn.

Other Information

: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State

: Liquid

Appearance

: Light yellow. Solid below 37°F

Odor

: Unpleasant.

Odor Threshold

: No data available

Caprylic-Capric Acid

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

pH	: No data available
Relative Evaporation Rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Melting Point	: 3 - 5 °C (37.4 - 41°F) (37.4 - 41 °F)
Freezing Point	: No data available
Boiling Point	: ~ 330 °C (626°F) (626 °F)
Flash Point	: 135 - 145 °C (275 - 293°F) Cleveland Open Cup (275 - 293 °F)
Auto-ignition Temperature	: > 250 °C (482°F) (482 °F)
Decomposition Temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor Pressure	: < 0.01 hPa (ASTM D323)
Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative Density	: No data available
Specific Gravity	: 0.91 g/cm ³ @ 20°C (DIN 53217)
Solubility	: Water: 0.68 g/l @ 20°C
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water	: 3.1 log Pow (OECD 107)
Viscosity	: Not available
Viscosity, Kinematic	: 8.6 mm ² /s @20°C
Viscosity, Dynamic	: 7.5 mPa.s @20°C
Explosive Properties	: No data available
Oxidizing Properties	: No data available
Explosive Limits	: Not applicable

9.2. Other Information No additional information available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- 10.1 Reactivity:** Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.
- 10.2 Chemical Stability:** Stable at standard temperature and pressure.
- 10.3 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:** Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
- 10.4 Conditions to Avoid:** Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.
- 10.5 Incompatible Materials:** Oxidizing agent.
- 10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapors.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information On Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity : Not classified

Caprylic-Capric Acid (\f)68937-75-7; 67762-36-1

Octanoic acid (124-07-2)

LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
---------------------------	--------------

Decanoic acid (334-48-5)

LD50 Oral Rat	3320 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg
ATE (Oral)	3320.000 mg/kg body weight

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Caprylic-Capric Acid (68937-75-7; 67762-36-1)

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Caprylic-Capric Acid (68937-75-7; 67762-36-1)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Caprylic-Capric Acid

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register/ Vol. 77, No. 58/ Monday, March 26, 2012/ Rules and Regulations

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Corrosive. Causes burns.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects. May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract.

Chronic Symptoms: None known.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Toxic to aquatic life.

Caprylic-Capric Acid (68937-75-7; 67762-36-1)	
Octanoic acid (124-07-2)	
LC50 Fish 1	310 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oryzias latipes [semi-static])
LC 50 Fish 2	110 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [semi-static])
Decanoic acid (334-48-5)	
LC50 Fish 1	54 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oryzias latipes [semi-static])
ErC50 (algae)	12 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

Caprylic-Capric Acid (68937-75-7; 67762-36-1)	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

Caprylic-Capric Acid (68937-75-7; 67762-36-1)	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.
Octanoic acid (124-07-2)	
Log Pow	2.92
Decanoic acid (334-48-5)	
Log Pow	4.09

12.4. Mobility in Soil No additional information available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Ecology – Waste Materials: This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

In Accordance With ICAO/IATA/IMDG/DOT

14.1. UN Number

UN-No.(DOT) : 3265
DOT NA no. UN3265

14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.
(Caprylic/capric acid)

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136

Hazard Labels (DOT) : 8 - Corrosive



DOT Symbols : G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name

Packing Group (DOT) : III - Minor Danger

Caprylic-Capric Acid

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

- DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)** : IB3 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1 and 31HA2, 31HB2, 31HN2, 31HD2 and 31HH2). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized, except for UN2672 (also see Special Provision IP8 in Table 2 for UN2672).
 T7 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)
 TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = $97 / (1 + a (tr - tf))$ Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.
 TP28 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 2.65 bar (265 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 2.65 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.
- DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)** : 154
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 203
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 241
- 14.3. Additional Information**
Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 153
Other information : No supplementary information available.

Transport by Sea

- DOT Vessel Stowage Location** : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.
DOT Vessel Stowage Other : 40 - Stow "clear of living quarters"

Air Transport

- DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger Aircraft/Rail (49 CFR 173.27)** : 5 L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo Aircraft Only (49 CFR 175.75) : 60 L

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 US Federal Regulations

Caprylic-Capric Acid (68937-75-7; 67762-36-1)	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard
Octanoic acid (124-07-2)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Decanoic acid (334-48-5)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	

15.2 US State Regulations Neither this product nor its chemical components appear on any US state lists.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

- Revision Date** : 06/02/2015
Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Caprylic-Capric Acid

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H402	Harmful to aquatic life

The data herein are based on our current knowledge and believed to be reliable. Acme-Hardesty Co., provides this information without any representation or warranty, expressed or implied, regarding its accuracy or correctness.

Users must make their own determination that handling, storage, use and disposal of the product in the anticipated manner is safe and appropriate. Because these actions of the user are out of our control, and may be beyond our knowledge, we do not assume responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, damage, expense or any other claim arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product or container.

ACME Hardesty US GHS SDS